

3450:438/538:001 **Homework 14** Fall 2007

Course: Advanced Engineering Math I

Instructor: Dr. Laura Gross

Optional due date: Friday, November 30, 2007

IF YOU CHOOSE TO SUBMIT THIS HOMEWORK, THE GRADE WILL REPLACE YOUR LOWEST HOMEWORK GRADE (provided it is higher than your lowest homework grade to date).

1. Prove that $\text{curl}(\nabla f) = \mathbf{0}$ if $f(x, y, z)$ has continuous second-order partial derivatives.

* Note this implies that if $\text{curl} \mathbf{F} \neq \mathbf{0}$, then \mathbf{F} is not conservative!

* Fact: If $\text{curl} \mathbf{F} = \mathbf{0}$ and the component functions of \mathbf{F} have continuous second partial derivatives, then \mathbf{F} is conservative.

2. Consider the vector field $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = e^y \mathbf{i} + xe^y \mathbf{j} + (z + 1)e^z \mathbf{k}$ and the curve $\mathcal{C}: x = t, y = t^2, z = t^3, 0 \leq t \leq 1$.

(a) Find a function ϕ such that $\mathbf{F} = \nabla \phi$.

(b) Evaluate $\int_{\mathcal{C}} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ along \mathcal{C} .

3. Determine whether or not the vector field

$$\mathbf{F}(x, y) = 3z^2 \mathbf{i} + \cos(y) \mathbf{j} + 2xz \mathbf{k}$$

is conservative. If it is, find a function ϕ such that $\mathbf{F} = \nabla \phi$.

4. Use the definition of the gradient and the divergence to write an expression for $\nabla \cdot \nabla \phi$, where $\phi(x, y, z)$ is a scalar function. (Alternate notations for the expression—called the Laplacian of ϕ —is $\nabla^2 \phi$ or $\Delta \phi$.)

5. Prove that $\text{div}(\text{curl} \mathbf{F}) = 0$ if \mathbf{F} is a vector field on R^3 whose component functions have continuous second-order partial derivatives. (If \mathbf{F} is the velocity field of a fluid, then $\text{div}(\text{curl} \mathbf{F}) = 0$ means there is no flow along the axis of rotation of the fluid.)

6. Let $\mathbf{F} = yz \mathbf{i} + xyz \mathbf{j} + -x^2 \mathbf{k}$. Show whether there is a vector field \mathbf{G} such that $\mathbf{F} = \nabla \times \mathbf{G}$ on all of \mathcal{R}^3 .